

## 文法問題演習 51

1 ( )に入れる語句として、最も適当なものを選択肢から選びなさい。

- (1) Can you let me know when the group from Canada ( ) at the hotel?  
(A) arrives (B) arriving (C) to arrive (D) was arrived
- (2) Can I have a couple ( ) of paper? I was to copy these interesting poems.  
(A) piece (B) piece of (C) pieces (D) pieces of
- (3) My sister was interviewed ( ) a reporter at the station yesterday.  
(A) by (B) from (C) of (D) to
- (4) Please remind me ( ) the restaurant to make a reservation for tomorrow.  
(A) call (B) calling (C) to call (D) to calling
- (5) A: Are there any good curry restaurants near here?  
B: Yes, you can find ( ) called Umai Curry next to the post office.  
(A) it (B) one (C) ones (D) them
- (6) It was ( ) that so many people saw me wearing my T-shirt inside out.  
(A) embarrass (B) embarrassed (C) embarrassing (D) to embarrass
- (7) I heard the new manager started today. Do you know what ( ) like? I hope he gets along with our team.  
(A) does he (B) he does (C) he is (D) is he
- (8) This small office is ( ) my father started his business 20 years ago.  
(A) that (B) what (C) where (D) which
- (9) To make the ( ) of the warm weather, we went to the beach.  
(A) better (B) good (C) many (D) most
- (10) My parents insisted that I should ( ) abroad while I was in college.  
(A) going (B) gone (C) have going (D) have gone

(金沢工業大 2019)

2 次の(1)~(5)のそれぞれの日本語の意味を表す英文になるように、それぞれ下の語句を並べ替えて空所を補いなさい。ただし、文頭にくるものも小文字で書いてあります。また、必要なコンマが省略されている場合もあります。

(1) シェフたちはお客さんからの注文をこなすのにとっても忙しかった。

The chefs ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) the customers.

busy from keeping quite  
the orders up were with

(2) ジェシカは、男が危険を知らせるかのように彼女に手を振っているのに気付いた。

Jessica noticed ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) danger.

a man as her his hands  
if of warning waving

(3) 祖母は、私が知らない、また聞いたことさえもない国の話をしていた。

My grandmother was talking ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) heard of.

a country about even had  
I knew neither nor

(4) その地域は開発が進んでいるので、土地の値段が上がりそうだ。

Since the area is being ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) .

developed go up is land  
likely of the price to

(5) 多くの人々が彼女を見送るために空港に来た。

A ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) off.

come have her large  
number of people to see to the airport

(金沢工業大 2019)

3 次の(1)~(5)のそれぞれの日本語の意味を表す英文になるように、それぞれ下の語句を並べ替えて空所を補いなさい。

(1) 私たちが到着して間もない頃に撮られた写真には、今ではもう見られないイギリスが写っている。

The photographs ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )  
a vanished era.

shortly	from	taken	an England
show	arrival	after	our

(2) 私が当たり前だと思っていた全てのことは幻想だったのかもしれない。

All the ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) an  
illusion.

taken	have	I had	things
may	for	been	granted

(3) 哲学的に考えることは、人生とは何かということを理解するのに役立つ。

Philosophical thinking helps ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )  
( ) ( ).

figure	what	is	about
you	all	life	out

(4) 先日、私たちは電車の遅延のために、30分待たされた。

We were ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) to the  
train delay the other day.

wait	half	due	for
to	an	made	hour

(5) 最近の調査によると、仕事に対する満足度に関して言えば、ほとんどの人が給与は必ずしも最も重要ではないと答えている。

Recent surveys ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ),  
most people say their salary doesn't necessarily take top priority.

it	satisfaction	job	comes
to	when	show	that

(関西学院大 2019年2月1日実施分)

4 問1～問5において、それぞれ下の語句を並べ替えて空所を補い、英文を完成させよ。

問1 Nurses do ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) patients feel at home.  
all can make  
they to

問2 I can't possibly ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) in this weather.  
allow go home  
to you

問3 Rumor has ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) Susan.  
going he's it  
out with

問4 I ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) roses. It has worked like a charm.  
on the sprayed what  
wonder you

問5 I gave him ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) such a stupid thing.  
my not repeat  
to word

(自治医科大・看護 2020)

## 文法問題演習 52

1 次の英文(1)～(10)の空所に入れるのに最も適当なものを、(A)～(D)より 1 つ 選びなさい。

- (1) The change in his status deprived ( ) classified information.  
(A) for him access of (B) him of access to  
(C) him to access of (D) him of access from
- (2) You need to go ( ) the data again to make sure there are no mistakes.  
(A) in (B) on (C) under (D) over
- (3) ( ) hope, the heart would break.  
(A) Is it not for (B) Were it not for (C) Had it not for (D) Going it for
- (4) The recovery score of the manufacturing industry is higher than ( ) other industries.  
(A) sort of (B) what of (C) which of (D) that of
- (5) ( ) I am concerned, two cups of coffee a day is more than enough.  
(A) As much as (B) As many as (C) As well as (D) As far as
- (6) ( ) arrived at the hotel than he took a shower.  
(A) No sooner had he (B) No sooner he  
(C) He no sooner (D) He sooner
- (7) Canada is the country ( ) when I was a young school boy.  
(A) where I would live (B) of which I would live  
(C) which I used to live (D) where I used to live
- (8) If I take the driving test again next Saturday, I ( ) it three times in total.  
(A) will have taken (B) should have taken  
(C) could have taken (D) might have taken
- (9) You will find him in his office ( ) in the afternoon.  
(A) more than often (B) not more than often  
(C) more often than not (D) often not more than

(10)( ) must pay membership fees as required by the club executive committee.

- (A) All club members (B) All of club members  
(C) All of club member (D) All the club member

(関西学院大 2019年2月1日実施分)

2 問1～問10の英文の空所1～10に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選べ。

問1 I wish I 1 more time to talk to you.

- ① had ② has ③ have ④ having

問2 There were severe delays on Route 77 because 2 an accident.

- ① at ② for ③ of ④ to

問3 The rule is: if you feel any pain, you should 3 exercising immediately.

- ① come ② enjoy ③ stop ④ want

問4 It's a bit inconvenient 4 me to get to the center of town.

- ① by ② for ③ of ④ on

問5 Try to reduce the 5 of fat in your diet.

- ① amount ② number ③ size ④ weight

問6 You're welcome to stay 6 you don't mind sleeping on the floor.

- ① and ② because ③ if ④ unless

問7 I'm sure we should 7 turned left at the last intersection.

- ① be ② do ③ get ④ have

問8 You can tell by the 8 it walks that the dog has been injured.

- ① gate ② place ③ road ④ way

問9 The atmosphere at home 9 depressing since last month when they had that fight.

- ① has been ② is ③ was ④ would be

問10 Last year the rich man donated \$1,000,000 10 cancer research.

- ① for                      ② on                      ③ to                      ④ with

(自治医科大・看護 2020)

3 次の各英文の意味に最も近いものをア～エから一つ選べ。

Emi's performance was so good that the judges singled her out for praise.

- ア. According to the judges, Emi gave the most outstanding solo performance.  
イ. Among all the performances, Emi's was especially praised by the judges.  
ウ. Because Emi performed so well, the judges asked her to perform once again.  
エ. Following her outstanding performance, the judges asked only Emi to stay.

Peter signed up for a course in programming at a center for cultural education.

- ア. At a center for cultural education, Peter completed a course in programming.  
イ. At a center for cultural education, Peter conducted a programming course.  
ウ. Peter enrolled in a programming course at a center for cultural education.  
エ. Peter organized a course for programming at a center for cultural education.

We need to send for some help if Ken's condition worsens.

- ア. If Ken's condition becomes worse, we must come to him with help.  
イ. If Ken's condition worsens, we need to request help for him.  
ウ. If Ken's health continues to worsen, we should inform him of where to get help.  
エ. If Ken's health gets worse, we need to take him to get help.

The game was held up two hours because of bad weather.

- ア. Due to bad weather, the game was delayed by two hours.  
イ. Since the weather was bad, the game took two hours to play.  
ウ. The game was shortened to two hours because of bad weather.  
エ. Two hours of bad weather caused the game to be postponed.

(近畿大・医以外 2020)

4 次の英文 1～5 の空所に、与えられた文字で始まる適切な 1 語を入れると、下の日本語にほぼ相当する意味になります。与えられた文字も含めて、その語を書きなさい。

1. I've read (e        ) books by this author to know that the quality of her writing is uneven.  
この作家の本はもうたくさん読んだので、作品の出来にムラがあるとわかっている。
2. The party's official (c        ) is making a passionate speech about the need for a new generation of leaders.  
その党の公認候補は新しい世代のリーダーが必要だと熱い演説をしている。
3. It's hard to (p        ) into words how happy I feel now  
今の嬉しさを言葉にするのは難しい。
4. I had no (o        ) but to go back to my hometown.  
私は故郷へ帰るしかなかった。
5. In order to avoid an (a        ) silence, listening to the other person is essential so that you can tell where the conversation can go next.  
気まずい沈黙を避けるためには、話が次にどこに向かうか分かるように、相手の言うことに耳を傾けることが大切だ。

(中央大 2019 年 2 月 12 日実施分)

### 文法問題演習 53

1 問 1～問 5 の英文の下線部(1)～(4)のうちから、誤った表現を含むものをつつ選べ。

問1 Our (1)boss wanted (2)to know (3)how fast we (4)had get it done.

問2 (1)Talking is permitted in the (2)room as (3)far as it is (4)kept within bounds.

問3 Life at (1)sea was never easy (2)and they were (3)pleasing to be back (4)home.

問4 (1)This way will we be (2)finished (3)by five (4)o'clock.

問5 (1)Few people realize how (2)many effort is (3)involved in writing a (4)novel.

(自治医科大・看護 2020)

2 次の対話文の空所に入れるのに最も適切なものをそれぞれ選べ。

[A]

A: Hey, Andrew. I heard you just got back from Hawaii.

B: Yeah. I was there with my family for a short vacation.

A: Great. ( 1 )

B: You definitely should sometime. It's incredibly beautiful.

A: And what did you do there?

B: Well, ( 2 ).

A: Why is that? I thought there was plenty to do and see there.

B: Oh, there is. But I just wanted to relax and spend time with my family.

A: Well, I'd love to see your photos sometime.

B: OK. ( 3 )

A: No problem. Then I guess it'll take a while to look at all of them.

B: That's true. But I did get some really nice ones.

1. ア. I guess you all had a really great time. イ. I went there recently as well.  
ウ. I'm going next week with my family. エ. I've always wanted to go there.
2. ア. shopping, sightseeing, and water sports  
イ. to be honest with you, we didn't do so much  
ウ. we didn't make any changes to our original plans

- エ. we were busy sightseeing every day
3. ア. But I accidentally left my memory card at home.  
イ. But I filled the entire memory of my camera.  
ウ. I had some difficulties saving some of the pictures.  
エ. I thought I showed you all of them the other day.

[B]

- A: Jason, I haven't seen you around lately.  
B: Actually, I switched departments. I work out of the office now in sales.  
A: Oh, really? How do you like it there?  
B: It's excellent, ( 4 ).  
A: Well, desk work isn't for everyone.  
B: That's for sure. I really got tired of working with a computer every day.  
A: So, what's your first impression of your new coworkers?  
B: ( 5 )  
A: Sounds like a positive workplace. Have you had any difficulties?  
B: Actually, I'm having a hard time remembering all the names of my clients and coworkers.  
A: That's tough, isn't it? It's also very important.  
B: Yeah, ( 6 ).  
A: Yes, that's wise of you because good relations are a key to success in sales.

1. ア. and much better than my old job as an accountant  
イ. but I need to work on my programming skills  
ウ. even though I transferred to a new company  
エ. yet, I loved what I did before as well
2. ア. I think they may be too competitive.  
イ. I'm still getting acquainted with them.  
ウ. So far, everyone is very supportive.  
エ. There seem to be many technology issues.
3. ア. I have so many things to worry about  
イ. I hope I can make a lot of money this year  
ウ. I might need to go back to my former position  
エ. I really want to make a good impression on them

(近畿大・医以外 2020)

③ 次の英文の空所に入れるのに最も適当な語をア～クから選べ。ただし同じものを繰り返し用いてはならない。

What happens to all the solid waste produced in the United States? Well, some of it is thrown away. It ( 1 ) streets, roadways, the countryside, and waterways. Some of it is burned in open air. Still some trash is left to sit in the open at garbage dumps. These dumps smell, look bad, and attract rats and ( 2 ). Some of the trash is buried. Valuable ( 3 ) that might have been reused are thus lost. Some of the buried waste can be harmful. It leaks deadly chemicals which ( 4 ) the land and the water.

Waste is everywhere. Each year we throw away more than 7 million television sets. We junk 7 million old cars and trucks. We use and ( 5 ) 48 billion cans and 26 billion bottles. We toss out 30 million tons of paper. Waste disposal ( 6 ) us four and a half billion dollars a year. Something has to be done with all this trash and garbage. Even though we are not sure of the best way to get rid of trash, we must make an effort.

- |            |            |              |            |
|------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| ア. conduct | イ. costs   | ウ. discard   | エ. effects |
| オ. insects | カ. litters | キ. materials | ク. poison  |

(近畿大・医以外 2020)

④ 次の各英文の空所に入れるのに最も適当な語句を選べ。

1. There still  a lot of problems to be solved before we launch our new product.

- ① remain                      ② remained                      ③ remaining                      ④ remains

2.  was her annual custom, she had her hair cut on the final day of the year.

- ① As                              ② It                              ③ What                              ④ Which

3.  all frozen water vapor in the air becomes symmetric snow crystals.

- ① No                              ② None                              ③ Nor                              ④ Not

4. Our guests are coming at three, so please remember  the table after lunch.

- ① being cleared              ② clearing                      ③ to be cleared              ④ to clear

5. The scene I liked most in the book was  the boy learned he had magical powers.

- ① what                              ② where                              ③ which                              ④ who

6. My mother woke me up at six,  I could not have caught the first train.  
 ① as if                    ② but for                    ③ I wish                    ④ otherwise
7. He is the  best baseball player in the history of Major League Baseball.  
 ① by far                    ② even                    ③ much                    ④ very
8. The summit will be held next month and the representatives will discuss problems  the economy.  
 ① concerned                    ② concerning                    ③ to be concerned                    ④ to concern

(近畿大・医以外 2020)

次の日本文に合うように、それぞれ下の語句を並べ替えて空所を補いなさい。

1. あとで折り返しトムに電話をさせましょうか。

Would you (        ) you back later?

call                    have                    like                    me                    to                    Tom

2. 夫が日曜日に家事をすることをオリビアが当てにするのは無駄だった。

It was (        ) expect her husband to do housework on Sundays.

for                    no                    of                    Olivia                    to                    use

3. 次の電車を待つ以外に選択肢があるなんて、彼らは夢にも思わなかった。

Never (        ) another option but to wait for the next train to come.

being                    did                    dream                    of                    there                    they

4. その作家の最新の本は、前作のおよそ2倍の長さである。

The author's newest book is (        ) previous one.

about                    her                    length                    of                    the                    twice

(近畿大・医以外 2020)

## 文法問題演習 54

1 次(a)に示される意味を持ち、かつ(b)の英文の空所に入れるのに最も適した語を、それぞれア～エから一つ選べ。

- (a) an observable fact or event  
(b) A few theories have been proposed to explain this ( ).  
ア. emotion            イ. hypothesis            ウ. mystery            エ. phenomenon
- (a) more important than anything else  
(b) Poor preparation was the ( ) reason for her weak presentation.  
ア. logical            イ. obvious            ウ. primary            エ. rational
- (a) to begin or to start to happen  
(b) The project will ( ) once it gets approval from the president.  
ア. commence            イ. compete            ウ. continue            エ. contribute
- (a) not to include something either intentionally or by accident  
(b) Please be careful not to ( ) any information on your application.  
ア. hide            イ. misplace            ウ. omit            エ. reject
- (a) the length of time that something lasts  
(b) We decided to rent a car for the ( ) of our trip through Europe.  
ア. distance            イ. duration            ウ. majority            エ. remainder

(近畿大・医以外 2020)

2 次(a)の英文1～5の(b)を筋の通った文にするために、それぞれの(a)の文から最も適切な1語を選び、その品詞(名詞・動詞・形容詞・副詞など)を変え、適合する形(1語)にして空所に入れなさい。ただし、動詞の～ing形は使わないものとします。

- (例) (a) The orchestra's awesome performance was received favorably by the audience and critics alike.  
(b) This area is surrounded by mountains that will block the ( ) of cell phone signals.

(答) reception

1. (a) It still surprises many influential world leaders that millions of child labourers are completely excluded from having basic education.  
(b) There is a high rate of social ( ) for single-person elderly households, and this is the same for men and women.
2. (a) The new king inherited a very tough political environment in which his country confronted increasing threats from neighboring countries with limited resources.  
(b) As a result of the current management's ineffective strategy, the company has been ( ) with bankruptcy.
3. (a) Last year the International Space Station was hit by a serious electricity shortage that forced a delivery from the Earth to be delayed.  
(b) Some sociologists argue that in order to understand one's self, the individual must look outside of themselves at the social ( ) that determine their personality.
4. (a) In Ghana, funerals are lavish affairs: a gathering for everyone, including extremely distant relatives and those who barely knew the deceased.  
(b) The train fare depends on the ( ) and the type of tickets that you buy.
5. (a) Forests regulate ecosystems, protect biodiversity, play an integral part in the carbon cycle, support livelihoods, and can help drive sustainable growth.  
(b) Drug ( ) is the control of drug use by international agreement and/or by government authorities and it includes rules concerned with the development, approval, manufacturing and marketing of drugs.

(中央大 2020年2月12日実施分)

③ 次の英文 1～5 の空所に、与えられた文字で始まる適切な 1 語を入れると、下の日本語にほぼ相当する意味になります。与えられた文字も含めて、その語を書きなさい。

1. The city is situated near the sea; (c       ), its residents enjoy a healthy climate.  
その町は海の近くにあり、そのため、気候は住民の健康によい。
2. It came (h       ) to us that our organization should manage a fund to survive.  
自分たちの組織は生き残るために資金繰りをしなければならないのだ、と私たちは痛感した。
3. The police help everybody, (r       ) of color, race or creed, said an African-American officer commenting on a photo of him helping an injured member of a violent racist group.  
警察は、肌の色、人種や信条に関わらず、誰でも助けるものだ。彼自身が暴力的な人種差別主義集団の怪我をしたメンバーを介助している写真について、アフリカ系アメリカ人の警官は、そう話した。
4. It is true that prediction is a difficult (b       ), especially when it involves other people's behavior.  
確かに、特に他人の振る舞いが関わると、予測するのは至難の業だ。
5. He said that he (p       ) working on a small amount of homework every week to having no homework and taking only one final exam at the end of the term.  
彼は、毎週少しずつ宿題に取り組むほうが、宿題がなく、学期末に一回だけ試験を受けるよりもよいと言った。

(中央大 2020 年 2 月 12 日実施分)

④ 次の英文 1～10 の空所に入れるのに最も適切な語句を(a)～(d)から 1 つ選びなさい。

1. She asked the shop assistant to call her as soon as the new products became (       ).  
(a) available           (b) feasible           (c) tangible           (d) viable
2. Whenever we haven't got enough information to make decisions for ourselves, we have a habit of copying the behavior of (       ) around us.  
(a) that               (b) those               (c) what               (d) who

3. The global nature of the Internet raises a host of international questions, such as what should be considered computer crime and who has the jurisdiction to ( ) such crime.  
(a) carry out (b) detect (c) organize (d) prosecute
4. The capitalist economy is built on the ( ) between production and consumption, and goods and services are exchanged for money and credit.  
(a) outcome (b) promise (c) relationship (d) similarity
5. This literary achievement is worthy of the great tradition ( ) it stems.  
(a) at which (b) from which (c) in which (d) to which
6. When working on several tasks at once, such as talking on the phone, checking your e-mail and writing a report, you can easily lose the focus ( ) to adequately complete one item.  
(a) made (b) needing (c) pointing (d) required
7. In her speech, the president ( ) that the UN should set up an independent center to address global warming.  
(a) produced (b) progressed (c) promoted (d) proposed
8. Many young people ( ) in this broadcasting station a new form of guerrilla journalism that represented their fight against the lies and taboos of the present dictatorship.  
(a) informed (b) looked (c) saw (d) thought
9. We could relax at the beach, or ( ), we could go to the cinema.  
(a) alternatively (b) changeably (c) differently (d) variably
10. Everything each member of the team could think of ( ) to win the match we lost.  
(a) should be done (b) should do  
(c) should have been done (d) should have done

(中央大 2020年2月12日実施分)

## 文法問題演習 55

1 以下の文章が完成するように、28～43 のそれぞれについて(A)～(D)のうちから最も適切なものを一つ選びなさい。

Recent studies in the US suggest that the nation is experiencing a dramatic increase in the percentage of school-age children who are extremely overweight. The ( 28 ) of schoolchildren affected by this issue has more than tripled since the 1970s. ( 29 ) school lunches are the main meal of the day for these students, researchers are looking ( 30 ) lunch programs across the US and how these could be affecting children's health.

Many US schoolchildren say that the lunchtime break is their favorite ( 31 ) of the school day. However, the benefits of their midday meal may ( 32 ) depending on where the children live, how long they are given to eat their meal, and what their lunch ( 33 ) of. Dr. Di Angelo, a researcher in Food Science at the Harvard School of Public Health, notes that regular, healthy school lunches can ( 34 ) a beneficial impact on children's learning skills and on their attention span. Dr. Di Angelo also observes that when schools team up with professional chefs to develop tasty and healthy lunch menus, students are more ( 35 ) to eat fruit and vegetables as part of their lunch.

( 36 ) Dr. Di Angelo, US school meals generally meet high health standards, yet other factors determine how beneficial school lunches are. For example, the time a schoolchild is given to eat lunch is ( 37 ). Recent research suggests that shorter lunch periods lead to less healthy eating ( 38 ) among schoolchildren. Children were less ( 39 ) to select fruit as part of their lunch if they spent less than 20 minutes eating their meal.

Dr. Di Angelo is impressed ( 40 ) the amount of time elementary school children in Japan are given to eat lunch. She explains: "During a school lunch break that I was observing in Tokyo, I thought it was nice that after the lunch ( 41 ) to the children, they all sat together for about 40 minutes while they ate their meal. In a ( 42 ) like this, school lunches educate children in healthy eating habits. Is there a ( 43 ) here for US school health officials and educators?"

- |    |               |              |              |              |
|----|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 28 | (A) extent    | (B) number   | (C) quantity | (D) total    |
| 29 | (A) Although  | (B) While    | (C) If       | (D) Because  |
| 30 | (A) on        | (B) to       | (C) into     | (D) around   |
| 31 | (A) detail    | (B) piece    | (C) schedule | (D) time     |
| 32 | (A) transform | (B) modify   | (C) vary     | (D) adjust   |
| 33 | (A) consists  | (B) combines | (C) contains | (D) composes |
| 34 | (A) be        | (B) have     | (C) give     | (D) take     |

- 35 (A) motivating (B) encouraging (C) willing (D) expecting  
 36 (A) Relating to (B) According to (C) Leading to (D) Referring to  
 37 (A) acceptable (B) required (C) significant (D) necessary  
 38 (A) methods (B) types (C) ways (D) habits  
 39 (A) frequently (B) probably (C) usually (D) likely  
 40 (A) on (B) in (C) by (D) about  
 41 (A) served (B) had been served (C) is served (D) was being served  
 42 (A) situation (B) position (C) background (D) condition  
 43 (A) change (B) hope (C) benefit (D) lesson

(南山大 2019年2月13日実施分)

2 以下の1~20の各文の( )内に入れるのに最も適切なものを、それぞれ一つ選びなさい。

1. I was surprised to hear that my parents ( ) married for 30 years next month.  
 (a) will be (b) will have been (c) have been (d) are
2. ( ) Marina wins or loses, she always enjoys the competition.  
 (a) Even (b) Since (c) Despite (d) Whether
3. My mother hurt her foot and she won't be able to walk ( ) at least two weeks.  
 (a) during (b) until (c) for (d) in
4. ( ) Billy, there were three other people on the bus.  
 (a) As well (b) In addition (c) Also (d) Besides
5. There was so much traffic on the way to the airport that I ( ) nearly missed my flight.  
 (a) very (b) almost (c) quite (d) just
6. Alex was wearing the jacket that he ( ) by Anna recently.  
 (a) had been given (b) is given (c) had given (d) given
7. I went to the zoo yesterday morning, but ( ) the animals were sleeping.  
 (a) every one (b) almost all (c) almost every (d) most

8. The Nagoya Art Museum ( ) many local artists' paintings since it opened last year.  
(a) has displayed (b) was displaying (c) was displayed (d) has been displayed
9. Tokyo Station is huge, and with this much luggage I don't see ( ) we're going to catch the connecting train in just six minutes.  
(a) how (b) what (c) when (d) which
10. I cannot find my smartphone. I may ( ) it in the bus this morning.  
(a) have been left (b) be left (c) have left (d) leave
11. Elfin loves eating eggs so much that she doesn't ( ) how they are prepared.  
(a) think (b) care (c) concern (d) wonder
12. Recent legislation in Kyoto ( ) people from smoking on the street.  
(a) prohibits (b) excepts (c) refuses (d) denies
13. My grandmother has no difficulty ( ) with new technology.  
(a) changing up (b) making up (c) going up (d) keeping up
14. The letters OECD ( ) the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.  
(a) stand in (b) stand by (c) stand for (d) stand with
15. If you notice a suspicious package, please ( ) the police.  
(a) communicate (b) deliver (c) present (d) notify
16. Glay's performances ( ) large audiences wherever they play.  
(a) catch (b) appeal (c) invite (d) attract
17. The notice at the station says that the escalators will be out of ( ) next Monday because of maintenance.  
(a) work (b) consideration (c) repair (d) service
18. When you ( ) a difficult goal, you feel really good.  
(a) achieve (b) gain (c) win (d) overcome

19. This bakery is amazing. It ( ) me of my favorite bread shop in New York City.  
(a) recalls (b) reminds (c) remembers (d) recollects
20. Kim is ( ) to start university. She's already bought her textbooks.  
(a) eager (b) hopeful (c) exciting (d) dedicated

(南山大 2020年2月7日実施分)

3 以下の1～5の各文の下線を付けた語(句)のうち、一つが誤りです。その誤りを(A)～(D)のうちから一つ選びなさい。

1. He (A)could barely read easy newspaper articles (B)in his freshman year at college, but he has made (C)a steady progress in English (D)over the past two years.
2. Media literacy is (A)concerned at helping students (B)develop and demonstrate (C)an understanding of the techniques used by mass media and (D)their impact.
3. (A)While your friends and family (B)may suggesting that you make decisions about your future career as early as possible, this (C)might not actually be the best advice. In reality, people may change their jobs many times (D)before finding the best match for their skills and interests.
4. Mike, you (A)were so smart to make (B)an appointment at the restaurant. We wouldn't have been (C)able to get a table (D)otherwise.
5. One strategy (A)which Native Americans used to ensure (B)a continuous food supply was to plant their crops in more than one place, (C)in hoping that if (D)one failed, another would survive.

(南山大 2020年2月7日実施分)

## 文法問題演習 56

1 (1)~(5)の日本語の意味になるように( )内の英単語を並べ替えよ。

(1) 職場からの要求が増すにつれて、人々は旅行や趣味、あるいは家族との貴重な時間を犠牲にするよう求められています。

As demands from the workplace increase, ( are asked travel people sacrifice to being ), hobbies, and quality time with their families.

(2) 私は休憩できる方法を探し始めた。

I started ( a could for I take looking ways break ).

(3) その学校は一流の選手たちに、彼らが必要とする援助のほとんどすべてを提供する。

The academy provides top athletes ( almost with services require the all they of ).

(4) 我々の祖父母がどんな生活様式を選ぶかということが、我々の健康に永続的な影響を与えるということがありうる。

Our grandparents' lifestyle ( could health choices on lasting our effects have ).

(5) ロボットとは、人間が取り組むこともある作業を行う装置のことである。ただしその作業をするにあたって人間らしく見える必要はない。

A robot is a device that performs tasks that a human might tackle, although it ( while need does like a not look it human so ).

(尾道市立大 2020)

2 次の各文の( )に入る最も適切な語句を一つ選びなさい。

- (1) She seems to ( ) lost her way.  
(a) have had (b) have been (c) having been (d) have
- (2) The long hours of work ( ) her exhausted.  
(a) are left (b) left (c) were left (d) having been left
- (3) The house ( ) she lives is quite small.  
(a) that which (b) with which (c) in which (d) for which
- (4) Can you believe ( ) furniture he has in his house?  
(a) how many (b) so much (c) so many (d) how much
- (5) He found the variety show very ( ).  
(a) amused (b) amusing (c) amusement (d) amuse
- (6) ( ), you have to do all your homework by 10:00 p.m.  
(a) Liking it or not (b) Likes it or not (c) Like or not (d) Like it or not
- (7) I recommend that you ( ) to the conference in Spain.  
(a) are going (b) will go (c) went (d) go
- (8) This perfume is ( ) mint leaves and roses.  
(a) derived by (b) derived at (c) derived from (d) derived to
- (9) I want to play video games ( ).  
(a) each other (b) mutually (c) with us (d) with you
- (10) By next year, I ( ) working here for 25 years.  
(a) was (b) would be (c) will have been (d) will be

(鹿児島大 2020)

3 次の定義が表す最も適切な語を A～D より一つ選びなさい。

1. obvious in an offensive manner  
A. rash                      B. considerate              C. blatant                      D. eloquent
2. the possibility of something occurring in the future  
A. progress                  B. prototype                  C. prospect                      D. premium
3. to conduct legal proceedings against someone  
A. persist                      B. prosecute                  C. proclaim                      D. premise
4. an agreement to borrow money in order to buy a house or land  
A. mortgage                  B. levy                          C. deposit                      D. property
5. dirty, unclean, or bad  
A. provisional                  B. sane                          C. subtle                          D. foul

(駒沢大 2020 年 2 月 6 日実施分)

4 各文の下線部の意味に最も近い語(句)を A～D より一つ選びなさい。

1. Getting along with his classmates seems to be difficult for him.  
A. Coming across with                      B. Coming near to  
C. Being friendly with                      D. Being restricted to
2. What Sarah said hit the nail on the head.  
A. was out of date                      B. was entirely coincidental  
C. was extremely unique                      D. was exactly right
3. The students in Blaize Memorial High School have been on the move all day.  
A. sensitive                      B. attractive                      C. active                      D. captive
4. It took her more than a year to get a handle on the situation in her hometown.  
A. understand                      B. challenge                      C. criticize                      D. rate





③ 次の各日本文と英文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、空所に入るもっとも適切なものを1~4の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

(1) ビートルズが解散した時、多くのファンはがっかりしました。

Many fans were disappointed when the Beatles ( ) up.

- 1 caught                      2 fought                      3 split                      4 stopped

(2) 言うまでもなく、ベーブルースは優れた野球選手でした。

It ( ) without saying that Babe Ruth was a great baseball player.

- 1 speaks                      2 declares                      3 tells                      4 goes

(3) もし海外の大学に応募するのなら、少なくとも3通の推薦状が必要になります。

If you ( ) to a university overseas, you will need at least three letters of recommendation.

- 1 apply                      2 comply                      3 imply                      4 supply

(4) 父は昨夜とても疲れていたのに、夕食もとらずに寝てしまいました。

My father was so exhausted last night ( ) he went to bed without even eating supper.

- 1 since                      2 that                      3 as                      4 resulting

(5) あとの会議で、詳細について議論します。

We will discuss details in ( ) meetings.

- 1 prior                      2 subsequent                      3 consistent                      4 afterward

(6) 過去の間違いについてよく考えることが大事です。

It is important to ( ) on mistakes we have made in the past.

- 1 repeat                      2 put                      3 rely                      4 reflect

(7) その委員会の委員長は、それ以上コメントするのを避けた。

The chairperson of the committee avoided making any ( ) comments.

- 1 further                      2 far                      3 over                      4 above

(8) その会社のオーナーは、思い通りにならないと我慢できなかった。

The owner of the company couldn't stand it when he could not ( ) his way.

- 1 get                      2 support                      3 lose                      4 drop

(9) 日本では、女性の労働人口が過去 10 年で急増している。

In Japan, the number of women in the labor ( ) has increased quickly in the past ten years.

- 1 strength                      2 people                      3 force                      4 power

(10) 第二次世界大戦以前、日本では、人が生まれてから死ぬまでずっと同じところで暮らすのは、珍しいことではなかった。

Before World War II, it was not unusual for people in Japan to live in the same place from the ( ) to the grave.

- 1 embassy                      2 hospital                      3 youth                      4 cradle

(中央大 2019 年 2 月 14 日実施分)

4 次の各組の英文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、空所に入るもっとも適切なものを 1~4 の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

(1) All you have to do is watch the video and comment below.

You have ( ) to watch the video and comment below.

- 1 none                      2 everything                      3 ever                      4 only

(2) You have to get ready for what will happen in the future.

You had better prepare for what ( ) ahead of you.

- 1 places                      2 lies                      3 finds                      4 makes

(3) You shouldn't throw away important receipts because you may need them some day.

You should ( ) important receipts because they may be needed some day.

- 1 purchase                      2 manipulate                      3 retain                      4 evaluate

(4) But for his earnest support, this project could not have been completed.

( ) it not been for his earnest support, this project could not have been completed.

- 1 Had                      2 If                      3 Without                      4 Unless

(5) I have learned to live with a certain amount of back pain.

I have learned to ( ) a certain amount of back pain.

1 eliminate

2 tolerate

3 refuse

4 value

(中央大 2019年2月14日実施分)

5 次の各英文の下線部について、もっとも意味が近いものを1~4の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

(1) Most of the people who live in this area are wealthy.

1 poor

2 rich

3 idealistic

4 stubborn

(2) Jane was deceived by a person she has known for a long time.

1 helped

2 entertained

3 tricked

4 advised

(3) Our contract will expire the day after tomorrow.

1 end

2 change

3 continue

4 begin

(4) The company justified their policies by citing state laws.

1 praising

2 denying

3 questioning

4 mentioning

(5) The presidential candidate pledged to end all oil exports.

1 opposed

2 promised

3 declined

4 hoped

(中央大 2019年2月14日実施分)

## 文法問題演習 58

① 次の各日本文とほぼ同じ意味になるように、かっこの中の語句を並べ替えてもっとも自然な英文を完成させなさい。

(1) 今朝起きると、昨夜勉強している間に寝てしまったことに気付いた。

When I woke up this morning, I ( asleep realized I that fallen had ) while studying last night.

(2) レントゲン撮影室から出たら、必ずドアを閉めてください。

Be ( close to the when sure door ) you leave the X-ray room.

(3) ボブは、去年よりもずっと健康的に見えます。

Bob looks ( did last healthier than he much ) year.

(4) 彼らの発見は、太陽系内の他の惑星の形成を説明するのに役立つかもしれない。

Their ( explain help formation discoveries the could ) of other planets within our solar system.

(5) 19世紀には、スコットランドの人口分布に大きな変化が見られた。

The ( changes in witnessed 19th century the distribution great ) of the population in Scotland.

(中央大 2019年2月14日実施分)

② 次の英文 1~5 の空所に、与えられた文字で始まる適切な 1 語を入れると、下の日本語にほぼ相当する意味になります。与えられた文字も含めて、その語を書きなさい。

1. I can make myself (a ) for you some time next week.

来週のどこかであればお会いできますよ。

2. The information has been made (p ) in accordance with law.  
その情報は法律に従って公開された。
3. By and (l ), the new measures announced by the government will be welcomed.  
概して言えば、政府が発表した新しい方策は歓迎されるでしょう。
4. The ambulance was delayed because it was (c ) up in the traffic jam.  
救急車の到着が遅れたのは渋滞に巻き込まれたからだった。
5. It is important to (r ) positive even when you feel things are not working for you.  
物事がうまくいっていないと感じるときでも前向きな気持ちを持ち続けることが大切だ。

(中央大 2019年2月13日実施分)

3 Look at the questions below. Choose the English expression from the four choices that best matches the Japanese sentence.

- (1) 長い会議でしたね。それはさぞかし大変だったでしょう。

That was a long meeting. It must have been ( ).

- 1 awfully tiresome      2 strongly bad      3 very tired      4 much mindful

- (2) 随分とご無沙汰しておりますが、お母さまはお元気でしょうか？

It was ( ) that I last met your mother. How is she?

- 1 not a long time      2 ages ago      3 many days      4 recent

- (3) 一週間に三回走ることにしている。

I make ( ) to fun three times a week.

- 1 them a point      2 me an obligation      3 of a time      4 it a rule

- (4) 彼はいつも冗談を言っていて不真面目に見えるが、いつもそんな感じだ。

He's always joking and does not look serious, but that's ( ).

- 1 the road the goes      2 the attitude he boasts of  
3 the way he is      4 an usual himself

- (5) イライラすることがなさそうな彼でも、怒ることはある。

Although he rarely seems to be ( ), he sometimes gets angry.

1 irritated                      2 irritating                      3 irritation                      4 being irritating

(6) しゃんとして座らないと怠けているように見える。

You look lazy if you do not sit (      ).

1 uptight                      2 upright                      3 uphold                      4 up and go

(7) 最良のアニメ映画はずっと過去に作られたが、今の子供たちはいまだにそれらが大好きだ。

Even though the best cartoons were made (      ), children today still love them.

1 removed from their memory                      2 distance past  
3 far in the past                      4 taken away

(8) 海原には、見渡す限り水ばかりである。

Out on the ocean, there is (      ) water as far as the eye can see.

1 something for                      2 anything but                      3 nothing but                      4 anything else

(9) 彼はやせ我慢をする人だから、大丈夫ではない時に「大丈夫」と言う。

He says "I'm okay" when he's not because he's too proud to (      ).

1 handle the situation    2 admit no longer    3 say thank you                      4 accept help

(10) 近頃では、「可愛い子には旅をさせよ」ということわざはあまり用いられない。

The saying, "spare the rod and (      ) the child," is not often used these days.

1 spare                      2 spoil                      3 sail                      4 sabotage

(11) 大人としてうまく振舞えるように、かなりの忍耐を身につける必要がある。

You need to have a lot of patience (      ) you can handle life as an adult.

1 so far                      2 so as                      3 in that                      4 so that

(12) メディアで注目されるには、語っていることについて必ずしも知っている必要はない。

You do (      ) have to know what you are talking about to get media attention.

1 not need                      2 not necessity                      3 no longer                      4 not necessarily

(13) 「ちょっと、水道の栓を直してくれる？閉まらないんだ。」

"Hey, can you fix this ( )? It's leaking."

- 1 water hose                      2 water tap                      3 tap water                      4 water duct

(14) 「助けが欲しい時だけこの番号に電話するように。」と彼は祖母に言った。

"Phone this number only when you want to ( ) help," he said to his grandmother.

- 1 seek on                      2 tell your                      3 be hungry                      4 call for

(15) 彼は怒りを鎮めて謝った。

He ( ) his anger and apologized.

- 1 kept on                      2 kept calm                      3 put up                      4 put aside

(16) 指導者の近くにいる人間だけがのさばるなんて残念だ。

It is a pity that only those who are close to the leader ( ).

- 1 push their own territory                      2 speak their own language  
3 make their own runway                      4 have their own way

(17) 週三回もアルバイトをしたら課題を提出できないよ。

If you do your part-time job three times a week, you won't be able to ( ) assignments.

- 1 submit for                      2 touch about                      3 hand in                      4 offer with

(18) 兄は、「冗談もいい加減にしろ。」と言いつ捨てた。

"( ) your jokes," said my brother.

- 1 Full of                      2 No more                      3 Away from                      4 Enough of

(19) 男性ではなく女性がケア労働をすべきという思い込みはいまだに強い。

Our ( ) that women rather than men should do care work.

- 1 prejudice still remains                      2 forethought still strong  
3 head still hardens                      4 mind still rules

(20) 取り扱い説明書が見当たらず途方に暮れている。

I'm ( ) for I cannot find the instruction manual.

- 1 on a field                      2 in a box                      3 at a loss                      4 for a gain

(東京理科大 2019年2月9日実施分)

## 文法問題演習 59

1 Fill in the blanks with the best option.

(1) Don't get me (      ). I'm just trying to encourage you.

- 1 sensible                      2 about                      3 justice                      4 wrong

(2) The farmers had been hoping for rain for a long time since they could not (      ) their crops without water.

- 1 grew                      2 be grown                      3 had grown                      4 grow

(3) *The Metamorphosis* (      ) a story of a man who suddenly becomes *an insect*.

- 1 has known to                      2 knew from                      3 is known as                      4 knows by

(4) (      ) your tie, then you will look better.

- 1 Strength                      2 Straight                      3 Straighten                      4 Straighter

(5) She (      ) a brilliant idea, so we could finish the project early.

- 1 went downward                      2 went upward                      3 came on in                      4 came up with

(6) I was really (      ) when I read the book.

- 1 electrified                      2 electrify                      3 electric                      4 electronic

(7) If you find a (      ) to the mystery, you will be a great detective.

- 1 clue                      2 new                      3 due                      4 queue

(8) (      ) she needed pepper, she mistakenly bought cinnamon.

- 1 Because                      2 Although                      3 Unless                      4 Despite

(9) His suggestion was (      ) after careful consideration.

- 1 proceed                      2 prayed                      3 dismissed                      4 disappeared

(10) May your soul (      ) in peace.

- 1 best                      2 meat                      3 rest                      4 guest

(11) Martin Luther King Jr is famous for his activism on racial (      ).

- 1 equality                      2 equaling                      3 equal                      4 equally

- (12) Don't listen to what they say. I like you the (      ) you are.  
 1 day                      2 way                      3 may                      4 be
- (13) After studying hard for years, he was able to (      ) his main goal.  
 1 reach                      2 look                      3 blown                      4 belong
- (14) You used to work around here, (      ) you?  
 1 doesn't                      2 didn't                      3 don't                      4 haven't
- (15) In attempting to influence the moral views of others, activists sometimes employ pictures as tools of moral (      ).  
 1 permeate                      2 perfume                      3 persuasion                      4 prolong
- (16) The new law must first be approved by (      ).  
 1 Parliament                      2 Paradigm                      3 Parlor                      4 Parade
- (17) The architects used a new computer program to design the new steel (      ).  
 1 systematic                      2 stenographer                      3 steam                      4 structure
- (18) Sometimes we cry for (      ) when we are not sad.  
 1 notorious                      2 normal                      3 nothing                      4 naughty
- (19) You need a (      ) who helps you write your thesis.  
 1 supervision                      2 supervisor                      3 supervisor                      4 supervising
- (20) The impact of the problem is very different, (      ) on who you talk to.  
 1 dependents                      2 depended                      3 depending                      4 dependence

(東京理科大 2020年2月9日実施分)

2 Complete each word to match the Japanese below. The first few letters have been written.

- (1) A cube has six [su      ].  
 立方体には面が6つある。

(2) Metals [exp        ] when they are heated.

金属は熱すると膨張する。

(3) Sound is [pr        ] by vibrating materials.

音は物体を振動させることによって発生する。

(4) In general, plants grow well in [ri        ] soil.

一般に、植物は肥えた土地でよく育つ。

(5) The moon shines because it [re        ] the light of the sun.

月は太陽の光を反射して輝く。

(6) Most junk foods [co        ] artificial additives.

ほとんどのジャンクフードに人工添加物が入っている。

(7) Water [bo        ] at 100° C.

水は 100°C で沸騰する。

(8) Three [sta        ] of matter are solid, liquid and gas.

物質の三態は固体、液体、気体である。

(9) Light [tra        ] faster than sound.

光は音よりも速く伝わる。

(10) An electric current [fl        ] along a wire.

電流は電線を通して流れる。

(東京理科大 2020年2月9日実施分)

3 次の各英文の下線部について、もっとも意味が近いものを 1~4 の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

(1) I was lucky to have a boss who was compatible with me.

1 dissimilar

2 opposed

3 harmonious

4 inconsistent

(2) Elizabeth was finally able to conquer her fear of flying in airplanes.

1 respect

2 overcome

3 comprehend

4 incorporate

(3) John has modified his political views in the past few years.

1 explained                      2 hidden                      3 maintained                      4 revised

(4) I have always found Joseph to be a reliable worker.

1 regrettable                      2 sociable                      3 tedious                      4 trustworthy

(5) The layout of the restaurant does not lend itself to a romantic atmosphere.

1 make for                      2 care for                      3 stand for                      4 fall for

(中央大 2020年2月14日実施分)

4 次の各日本文とほぼ同じ意味になるように、かっこの中の語句を並べ替えてもっとも自然な英文を完成させなさい。

(1) もっと長い記事にしてしまうと、読む人は少なくなってしまうでしょう。

A longer story ( by would read up getting end ) fewer people.

(2) 私たちは、業績があるからというだけで彼を尊敬しているわけではありません。

It is not only ( of that we because his achievements ) respect him.

(3) 今年は、わが社の売り上げがもっとも伸びるはずの年だ。

This is the ( our increase when should year sales ) the most.

(4) あなたは彼女がいつパーティに来ると思いますか。

When do ( to come she think will you ) the party?

(5) 単一の遺伝子が引き起こす病気を見つけるために、遺伝子検査が用いられる。

Genetic testing is ( to caused for used diseases look ) by a single gene.

(中央大 2020年2月14日実施分)

## 文法問題演習 60

1 From the choices below, choose a word to fit into the space ( ) so that the second sentence most closely matches the meaning of the first sentence.

(1) All the information collected so far is of much help in further understanding the community.

All the information collected so far ( ) greatly to further understanding of the community.

1 contributes                      2 manages                      3 produces                      4 supplies

(2) At that time, I had money of my own which allowed me to live without counting on my parents.

At that time, I had money of my own which allowed me to be ( ) of my parents.

1 ignorant                      2 independent                      3 innocent                      4 intended

(3) Group styles of classroom management are often adopted in order to promote students' active participation.

Group styles of classroom management are often adopted as a ( ) of promoting students' active participation.

1 fact                      2 means                      3 result                      4 species

(4) He needed no more time because he had confidence in the correctness of his choice.

He needed no more time because he was ( ) of the correctness of his choice.

1 concluded                      2 conducted                      3 confined                      4 convinced

(5) In addition to the economic damage they cause to many companies, they are beginning to cause other problems.

( ) from the economic damage they cause to many companies, they are beginning to cause other problems.

1 Ahead                      2 Aside                      3 During                      4 Instead

(6) In the face of many problems, the principal proposed the idea of increasing the committee size.

In the face of many problems, the principal put ( ) the idea of increasing the

committee size.

1 back                      2 forward                      3 off                      4 under

(7) It is now known that only a small number of the members were involved in the decision-making process.

It is now known that only a (        ) of the members were involved in the decision-making process.

1 fraction                      2 piece                      3 range                      4 slight

(8) There were many improvements realized by the introduction of the revised curriculum.

There were many improvements (        ) about by the introduction of the revised curriculum.

1 brought                      2 made                      3 taken                      4 worked

(9) Since I knew many of my neighbors, I could easily rely on them for help when needed.

Since I knew many of my neighbors, I could easily (        ) on them for help when needed.

1 afford                      2 carry                      3 draw                      4 refer

(10) The drastic change in the government forced them to adapt to new and emerging patterns of political power and practice.

The drastic change in the government forced them to come to (        ) with new and emerging patterns of political power and practice.

1 form                      2 hands                      3 peace                      4 terms

(11) The increase in skin cancer in the whole world has led to growing awareness about the damaging effects of sunlight on skin.

The increase in skin cancer (        ) the globe has led to growing awareness about the damaging effects of sunlight on skin.

1 across                      2 beside                      3 inside                      4 toward

(12) The professor says she believes people's lives are in danger because of the present medical care system.

The professor says she believes people's lives are at ( ) because of the present medical care system.

- 1 caution                      2 matter                      3 stake                      4 warning

(13) The requirement to use English to participate in the global academic exchange can be an obstruction to career success.

The requirement to use English to participate in the global academic exchange can ( ) in the way of career success.

- 1 avoid                      2 make                      3 prevent                      4 stand

(14) The second chapter of her report illuminates the surprising roles played by the animals in the area.

The second chapter of her report ( ) light on the surprising roles played by the animals in the area.

- 1 cuts                      2 makes                      3 poses                      4 sheds

(15) This gadget is made up of different components that are usually sold separately.

This gadget is ( ) of different components that are usually sold separately.

- 1 collected                      2 comprised                      3 replaced                      4 suspended

(16) This word has its origin in the name of a small village in Japan.

This word ( ) from the name of a small village in Japan.

- 1 derives                      2 flows                      3 revives                      4 traces

(17) Those with authority over others cannot be too careful about their words, especially in the presence of the media.

Those with authority over others ( ) choose their words as carefully as possible, especially in the presence of the media.

- 1 don't                      2 may                      3 mustn't                      4 should

(18) Unfortunately, his development as a person couldn't go along with his progress as a tennis player.

Unfortunately, his development as a person couldn't keep (        ) with his progress as a tennis player.

1 away                      2 down                      3 pace                      4 side

(19) We would like to see the council deal seriously with the issue because it is affecting quite a lot of senior citizens.

We would like to see the council (        ) the issue seriously because it is affecting quite a lot of senior citizens.

1 address                      2 direct                      3 order                      4 send

(20) While Tom was responsible for the general running of the store, his sister kept good control of the company finances.

While Tom was responsible for the general running of the store, his sister had a firm (        ) on the company finances.

1 catch                      2 drive                      3 grip                      4 strike

(東京理科大 2020年2月9日実施分)