

形式主語・形式目的語 強調構文

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Donovan School of English

Overview (1)

- 形式主語

- ① 形式主語 — “it” 真主語 — “to 不定詞”
- ② 形式主語 — “it” 真主語 — “動名詞”
- ③ 形式主語 — “it” 真主語 — “wh-句”
- ④ 形式主語 — “it” 真主語 — “that節”
- ⑤ 形式主語 — “it” 真主語 — “wh-節”

- 形式目的語

- ① 形式目的語 — “it” 真目的語 — “to 不定詞”
- ② 形式目的語 — “it” 真目的語 — “that節”

Overview (2)

- 強調構文

① “It is A that ...”

② “What ... is ~”

強調したい語句を尋ねる疑問文(強調構文①)

- It is A that ... の識別

(1) Aが**形容詞**の場合は**形式主語構文**

(2) Aが**副詞**の場合、**強調構文**

(3) Aが**名詞**の場合、

(i) that以下が**完全文**ならば**形式主語構文**

(ii) that以下が**不完全文**ならば**強調構文**

形式主語(1)

形式主語とは、

主語(S)の名詞句(①to不定詞・②動名詞・③wh-句)や名詞節(④that節・⑤wh-節)が文末に置かれたときに、代わりに主語の位置に置かれる“it”のことを指す。

形式主語(2)

①形式主語－“it” 真主語－“to 不定詞”

①It will be impossible to get along with him.

※ get along with ~ 「~と仲良くする」

①It was quite a job to get the job done on time.

※ quite a + [名詞] 「かなりの[名詞]」

※ on time 「時間通りに」

形式主語(3)

②形式主語—“it” 真主語—“動名詞”

②It was fun watching the sun go down.

②It was a pleasure talking with you.

形式主語(4)

- ①形式主語－“it” 真主語－“to 不定詞”
- ④形式主語－“it” 真主語－“that節”

①It seems unlikely for my children to use violence towards teachers.

= ④It seems unlikely that my children will use violence towards teachers.

= My children seem unlikely to use violence towards teachers.

形式主語(5)

- ① 形式主語－“it” 真主語－“to 不定詞”
- ④ 形式主語－“it” 真主語－“that節”

① **It** never occurred to me to blame her for his death.

※[考え] occur to [人] 「[考え]が[人]の頭に浮かぶ」

※blame A [人] for B [物事] 「A[人]をB[物事]のことで責める」

④ **It** never occurred to me that Yuta would go to the U.S. this winter.

形式主語(6)

- ①形式主語－“it” 真主語－“to 不定詞”
- ④形式主語－“it” 真主語－“that節”

①It's of great importance to learn how to use a computer.

= ④It's of great importance that you learn how to use a computer.

= ①It's very important to learn how to use a computer.

= ④It's very important that you learn how to use a computer.

形式主語(7)

③形式主語－“it” 真主語－“wh-句”

⑤形式主語－“it” 真主語－“wh-節”

③It doesn't matter what to eat.

※matter (自動詞)「重要だ」

③It doesn't matter where to go.

⑤It doesn't matter to me whether you have done your homework or not.

形式目的語(1)

形式目的語とは、

第五文型(SVOC)における目的語(O)の名詞句(①to不定詞)や名詞節(②that節)が文末に置かれたときに、代わりに目的語の位置に置かれる“**it**”のことを指す。

形式目的語(2)

①形式目的語－“it” 真目的語－“to 不定詞”

①I found **it** difficult to give up smoking.

※ find O C 「OがCだとわかる/ 思う」

①Computers have made **it** possible to convey a mass of information instantly.

形式目的語(3)

- ①形式目的語－“it” 真目的語－“to 不定詞”
- ②形式目的語－“it” 真目的語－“that節”

①I make **it** a rule to do yoga twice a week to stay healthy.

※make it a rule to 不定詞「～することになっている」

②I thought **it** strange that she showed up on time.

※think O C 「OがCだと思ふ」

※show up 「現れる」

強調構文(1)

文中のある語句を強調したいときに強調構文を用いる。

今回はその2種類の方法を紹介する。

① “It is A that ...”

Aに強調したい語句(名詞・副詞)が入る。

② “What ... is ~”

~に強調したい語句(名詞など)が入る。

強調構文(2)

☆I (S) like (V) sushi (O).

- 名詞(主語)を強調

⇒① *It is I that [who] like sushi.*

- 名詞(目的語)を強調

⇒① *It is sushi that I like.*

⇒② *What I like is sushi.*

強調構文(3)

☆My cousin (S) wants (V) to do yoga (O).

- 名詞(主語)を強調

⇒① **It is** my cousin **that** [**who**] wants to do yoga.

- 名詞(不定詞の目的語)を強調

⇒① **It is** yoga **that** my cousin wants to do.

⇒② **What** my cousin wants to do **is** yoga.

強調構文(4)

☆I (S) need (V) further information regarding this subject (O).

- 名詞(主語)を強調

⇒① **It is** I **that** [**who**] need further information regarding this subject.

- 名詞(目的語)を強調

⇒① **It is** further information regarding this subject **that** I need.

⇒② **What** I need **is** further information regarding this subject.

強調構文(5)

☆ Tom (S) came (V) here (Adv) about 10 o'clock (Adv).

- 名詞(主語)を強調

⇒ ① It was Tom that [who] came here about 10 o'clock.

- 副詞を強調

⇒ ① It was here that Tom came about 10 o'clock.

- 副詞を強調

⇒ ① It was about 10 o'clock that Tom came here.

強調構文(6)

☆Daniel (S) was made (V) to wait (C) at the station (Adv).

- 主語(S)を強調

⇒① **It was** Daniel **that** [**who**] was made to wait at the station.

- 副詞(Adv)を強調

⇒ ①**It was** at the station **that** Daniel was made to wait.

強調構文(7)

強調したい語句を尋ねる疑問文(強調構文①)

① It is his homework that my cousin wants to do.

下線部(強調したい語句)を尋ねる疑問文は

What is it that your cousin wants to do?

① It is further information regarding this subject that I need.

下線部(強調したい語句)を尋ねる疑問文は

What is it that you need?

強調構文(8)

① It was here that Tom came about 10 o'clock.

下線部(強調したい語句)を尋ねる疑問文は

Where was it that Tom came about 10 o'clock?

① It was at the station that Daniel was made to wait.

下線部(強調したい語句)を尋ねる疑問文は

Where was it that Daniel was made to wait?

強調構文(9)

① It was Tom **that** [who] came here about 10 o'clock.

下線部(強調したい語句)を尋ねる疑問文は

Who was it that came here about 10 o'clock?

① It was Daniel **that** [who] was made to wait at the station.

下線部(強調したい語句)を尋ねる疑問文は

Who was it that was made to wait at the station?

① It was due to heavy rain **that** the soccer game yesterday was postponed.

下線部(強調したい語句)を尋ねる疑問文は

Why was it that the soccer game yesterday was postponed?

It is A that ... の識別 (1)

形式主語④と強調構文①は、どちらも “It is A that ...” のかたちをとる。どのように識別するかというと、まずAの品詞をチェックする。

(1) Aが**形容詞**の場合は**形式主語構文**

It's **good** that Kate is doing volunteer work at the embassy.

It's **of little importance** that I'm considered lazy.

It is A that ... の識別 (2)

(2) Aが副詞の場合、強調構文

It was **yesterday** that I saw her.

It was not **until I mentioned the exchange program** that he started getting angry.

※It is not until ~ that SV「～してはじめて...する」

It is A that ... の識別 (3)

(3) Aが名詞の場合、2通りの可能性がある。

(i) that以下が完全文ならば**形式主語構文**

It's a pity [shame] that he's lost his passport.

It is A that ... の識別 (4)

(3) Aが名詞の場合、2通りの可能性がある。

(ii) that以下が不完全文ならば強調構文

It was not **his ability** but **his wealth** that has made him famous.

It wasn't just **Germany** and **Korea** that were divided. By the mid-1950s, so was most of the rest of the globe.

It is A that ... の識別 (5)

When one of the students was not helping the rest of the group, it was **several of the students**, not **one of the teachers**, that [who] reminded their friend to get back to work.

(立命館大)