

1 空所に入れるのに最も適切な選択肢を選べ。またそれぞれの英文を和訳せよ。

1. Hilary Clinton was careless () a private email server.
 (a) use (b) used (c) to use (d) of use

2. I missed () the pill last night.
 (a) taking (b) took (c) to take (d) taken

3. I want to make myself () in English.
 (a) understanding (b) understood (c) to understand (d) understand

4. He warned me not () a lawyer like her.
 (a) becoming (b) became (c) to become (d) become

5. It is nice () to write to me every now and then.
 (a) for you (b) you (c) of you (d) being you

6. It is weird () to be here.
 (a) for him (b) him (c) of him (d) being him

7. I won't forget () a dance with you last night.
 (a) dancing (b) danced (c) to dance (d) dancer

8. () with high school students, primary school students seem to be having an easy life.
 (a) comparing (b) compared (c) to compare (d) comparison

9. He showed no () over the news.
 (a) exciting (b) excited (c) to excite (d) excitement

2 和訳に沿うように空所に適切な語を入れよ。

1. 四つ葉のクローバーは見つけづらい。

A four-leaf clover is () () ().

2. 声が全く聞こえなかった。

No voice () () () heard.

3. テニスで一度も負けたことがないことを誇りに思っている。

I'm proud () () () () beaten at tennis.

4. 今日そのりんごを食べる必要がある。

The apple () () today.

5. 日本育ちなので、私は礼節を重んじる。

() () in Japan, I value good manners.

6. 彼女が死んだことを彼に謝らずに後悔した。

I () not () () him () her death.

7. どうしてその仕事に申し込んだのですか。

() has () you () for the job?

8. 日本に着くやいなや、ココアを飲んだ。

() arriving () Japan, I drank hot chocolate.

9. 彼は良い職を求めて東京に向かったが、結局そこでアルバイトをした。

He headed to Tokyo () () for a good job, () to do a part-time job there.

10. たまたま彼がタバコをすっているところを目撃した。

I () () see him ().

11. 彼の死にショックを受け、彼の妻はこのところ会社を欠勤している。

() () his death, his wife () been () from work for the past few days.

12. 子供の意見は尊重されるべきだ。

Children's views () () () respected.

13. 優人は涙を浮かべながら私を見つめていた。

Yuto was (s) () me () () in his eyes.

14. 彼は夢を捨ててしまったように思われる。

He () to () () up his dream.

3 和訳に沿うように空所内の語を並べかえ、英文全体を書け。

1. 若者であっても、定期的に健康状態を医師に診てもらうべきだ。

Even (conditions, have, young, should, the, a, examine, doctor, their) on a regular basis.

2. 彼にたばこをやめさせてもいいですか。

Would you (making, me, up, mind, him, give) smoking?

3. 希望を捨てないことを決意した。

(not, determined, to, hope, was, up, I, give).

4. 私は、三度、傘を盗まれたことがある。

I (had, stolen, my, three, umbrella, have, times).

5. もし質問がありましたら何でも聞いてください。

Please (if, me, have, you, questions, let, know, any).

6. 他人に優しくすることは君のためになるだろう。

(to, you, will, nice, being, do, others) good.

7. ケンに折り返し電話をさせましょうか。

Shall (have, call, back, I, you, Ken)?

4 各組の英文が同じ意味になるように空所に適切な語を入れよ。またそれぞれの英文を和訳せよ。

1. Capital punishment can be justified, if it is seen from a variety of perspectives.
 =() () a variety of perspectives, capital punishment can be justified.

2. I was so nervous that I could not concentrate on driving the car.
 =I was () nervous () concentrate on driving the car.

3. I had not spoken to overseas students before, so I felt a bit nervous in guiding Mike to the station.
 =() () () to overseas students before, I felt a bit nervous in guiding Mike to the station.

4. Since Michelle has never eaten chicken, I will serve her pork instead.
 =() () never () chicken, I will serve her pork instead.

5. As there was heavy traffic, I was late for the interview.
 =() () heavy traffic, I was late for the interview.

6. This car needs repairing.
 =This car needs () () ().

7. I'm sure that Ryo will get into his first choice of university.
 = Ryo () () () get into his first choice of university.