### 過去形

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Donovan School of English

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過去形(be動詞 + 一般動詞)

### 過去形のかたち

- ー be動詞の場合 is (現在)→ was(過去)
  am (現)→ was(過)
  are (現)→ were(過)
- 一般動詞の場合 動詞の末尾に"—ed"をつける。
  like (現) → liked (過) /walk (現) → walked(過)
  enjoy (現) → enjoyed(過) /wash (現) → washed (過)
  want (現) → wanted (過) / open (現) → opened(過)
  etc.

### 一般動詞の "-ed"のつけ方

- ①ふつうに "-ed"をつける
- ②語尾が "e" の動詞には "d"のみをつける e.g. like → liked, move → moved
- ③語尾が "子音+y"の動詞には、"y"を "I" にかえて "-ed"をつける e.g. study → studied
- ④ "stop"は "stopped"になる

### "-ed"の発音

①動詞の最後の<u>音</u>が無声音の子音( [k] [p] [f] [s] [tʃ] [ʃ] [θ] )

e.g. packed, hoped, laughed, focused, watched, washed, etc.

②動詞の最後の<u>音</u>が有声音の子音, 母音, 二重母音([v] [b] [g] [ð] [z] [dʒ] [r] [m] [n] [ŋ] [l])

e.g. believed, explained, hanged, smelled, etc.

③動詞の最後の<u>文字</u>が "t" または"d"のとき

e.g. landed, succeeded

過去形(be動詞)

## 過去形の肯定文(be動詞)

He <u>is</u> a student.  $\rightarrow$  He <u>was</u> a student.

「彼は学生だった。」

l<u>am</u> a singer. → l <u>was</u> a singer. 「私は歌手だった。」

We <u>are</u> rich. → We <u>were</u> rich.「私たちは裕福だった。」

These three books <u>are</u> interesting. → These three books <u>were</u> interesting.

「これら3冊の本はおもしろかった。」

### This(These), That(Those)語法

• 意味
this (those) 新しまの近になる

this (these)- 話し手の近くにある人・物事を指す。 that (those)- 話し手の近くにない人・物事を指す。

- 使い方
- ① 単独で用いる。

This is my daughter, and that is my cousin.

These are butterflies, but those are moths.

② this (these) 十名詞, that (those) 十名詞

This woman is my aunt, and that man is my uncle.

These women are English, but those women are Americans.

※man [mˈæn] (単数)→men [mén] (複数)
woman [wˈʊmən] (単数)→women [wímɪn] (複数)

## 過去形の否定文(be動詞)

かたち ー "主語+be動詞+not+名詞/形容詞"

He <u>was busy</u>. → He <u>was not [wasn't]</u> busy.

「彼は忙しくなかった。」

I <u>was</u> a singer. → I <u>was not</u> [<u>wasn't</u>] a singer.

「私は歌手ではなかった。」

We <u>were</u> rich. → We <u>were not</u> [<u>weren't</u>] rich.

「私たちは裕福ではなかった。」

These three books <u>were</u> interesting. These three books <u>were not</u> [weren't] interesting.

「これら3冊の本はおもしろくなかった。」

## 過去形の疑問文(be動詞)

かたち — be動詞を文頭にもってくる。 (つまり、"be動詞+主語+名詞/形容詞")

He was busy. → Was he busy?

It was long. → Was it long?

You were rich. → Were you rich?

These three books were interesting. → Were these three books interesting?

過去形(一般動詞)

## 過去形の肯定文(一般動詞)

かたち - 動詞の末尾に "-ed"をつける。

- I <u>liked</u> apples. 「私はリンゴが好きだった。」
- Lisa walked to school.

「リサは学校まで歩いた。」

• Mike enjoyed these four books.

「マイクはこれら4冊の本を楽しんだ。」

• The person opened the door.

「その人はドアを開けた。」

## 過去形の否定文(一般動詞)

かたち - "主語+did not [didn't]+一般動詞の原形"

I did not [didn't] like apples.

「私はリンゴが好きじゃなかった。」

Lisa <u>did not [didn't] walk</u> to school.

「リサは学校まで歩かなかった。」

Mike <u>did not [didn't] enjoy</u> these four books at all.

「マイクはこれら4冊の本を全く楽しまなかった。」

The person did not [didn't] open the door.

「その人は(その)ドアを開けなかった。」

## 過去形の疑問文(一般動詞)

かたち - "Did +主語 + 一般動詞の原形"

- Did you like apples?
   —Yes, I did. / No, I did not [didn't].
- Did Lisa walk to school?
   Yes, she did. / No, she did not [didn't].
- Did Mike enjoy the book?
   —Yes, he did. / No, he did not [didn't].

# 不規則動詞(1/2)

原形	過去形
do [dúː]	did [díd]
have [h'æv]	had [h'æd]
go [góʊ]	went [wént]
read [ríːd]	read [réd]
come [k'ʌm]	came [kéɪm]
make [méɪk]	made [méɪd]
speak [spíːk]	spoke [spóʊk]
run [rˈʌn]	ran [rˈæn]

# 不規則動詞(2/2)

原形	過去形
see [síː]	saw [s'ɔː]
drink [dríŋk]	drank [drˈæŋk]
buy [bάɪ]	bought [b'ɔːt]
write [rάɪt]	wrote [róʊt]
hear [híə]	heard [h'əːd]
say [séɪ]	said [séd]
think [θíŋk]	thought [θ'ɔːt]
know [nóʊ]	knew [njúː]

#### Exercise 1.1

・次の文を過去形に直そう。

This chair is mine.

His house is in Kobe.

These pictures are his.

We are Americans.

I am a primary [prάɪmeri] school student.

I am a lawyer [lˈɔːjə].

### Exercise 1.2(1)

・次の文を過去形に直そう。

I like you.

Chris walks home.

Mickey enjoys his trip to Tokyo.

All of us open the window in the morning.

### **Exercise 1.2 (2)**

I like his sunglasses [s⁄nglæsɪz].

I have biscuits [bískɪt] in my hand.

Kate reads books.

They drink beer [bíə].

George goes to school.

I speak to him on the phone [fóʊn].

#### Exercise 2.1

• be動詞を含む過去形の文を書こう!

※積極的に辞書を活用しよう。

※was, wereともに、用いること。

肯定文×2

否定文×2

疑問文×2

#### Exercise 2.2

一般動詞を含む過去形の文を5つ書こう!※積極的に辞書を活用しよう。

肯定文×2

否定文×2

疑問文×2